the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

Passed the Senate April 25, 1981.

Passed the House April 16, 1981.

Approved by the Governor May 18, 1981.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 1981.

CHAPTER 284

[Senate Bill No. 4327]

SOCIAL AND HEALTH DEPARTMENT FEES—OUT-OF-STATE MARRIAGE LICENSES—VACCINE REPOSITORY

AN ACT Relating to social and health services; and adding new sections to chapter 74.04 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 1. There is added to chapter 74.04 RCW a new section to read as follows:

The department shall prescribe by rule a schedule of fees for providing certificates necessary to meet marriage license requirements of other states. The fees shall be predicated on the costs of conducting premarital blood screening tests and issuing certificates.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. There is added to chapter 74.04 RCW a new section to read as follows:

The department shall prescribe by rule a schedule of fees predicated on the cost of providing a repository of emergency vaccines and other biologics.

Passed the Senate March 23, 1981.
Passed the House April 26, 1981.
Approved by the Governor May 18, 1981.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 1981.

CHAPTER 285

[Senate Bill No. 3334]

STATE BASIC EDUCATION MONEYS—UNFULFILLED REQUIREMENTS

AN ACT Relating to education; and amending section 28A.41.170, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. as last amended by section 6, chapter 250, Laws of 1979 ex. sess. and RCW 28A.41.170.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. Section 28A.41.170, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. as last amended by section 6, chapter 250, Laws of 1979 ex. sess. and RCW 28A.41.170 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) The superintendent of public instruction shall have the power and duty to make such rules and regulations as are necessary for the proper administration of this chapter not inconsistent with the provisions thereof, and in addition to require such reports as may be necessary to carry out his duties under this chapter((: PROVIDED, That)).
- (2) The superintendent of public instruction shall have the authority to make rules and regulations which establish the terms and conditions for allowing school districts to receive state basic education moneys as provided in RCW 28A.41.130 when said districts are unable to fulfill for one or more schools as officially scheduled the requirement of a full school year of one hundred eighty days or the total program hour offering, teacher contact hour, or course mix and percentage requirements imposed by RCW 28A.58.754 and 28A.41.140 due to ((an)) one or more of the following conditions:
- (a) An unforeseen ((emergency caused by)) natural event, including, but not necessarily limited to, a fire, flood, explosion, storm, earthquake, epidemic, ((riot, insurrection, community disaster,)) or ((act of God: PRO-VIDED FURTHER,)) volcanic eruption that has the direct or indirect effect of rendering one or more school district facilities unsafe, unhealthy, inaccessible, or inoperable; and
- (b) An unforeseen mechanical failure or an unforeseen action or inaction by one or more persons, including negligence and threats, that (i) is beyond the control of both a school district board of directors and its employees and (ii) has the direct or indirect effect of rendering one or more school district facilities unsafe, unhealthy, inaccessible, or inoperable. Such actions, inactions or mechanical failures may include, but are not necessarily limited to, arson, vandalism, riots, insurrections, bomb threats, bombings, delays in the scheduled completion of construction projects, and the discontinuance or disruption of utilities such as heating, lighting and water: PROVIDED, That an unforeseen action or inaction shall not include any labor dispute between a school district board of directors and any employee of the school district.

A condition is foreseeable for the purposes of this subsection to the extent a reasonably prudent person would have anticipated prior to August first of the preceding school year that the condition probably would occur during the ensuing school year because of the occurrence of an event or a circumstance which existed during such preceding school year or a prior school year. A board of directors of a school district is deemed for the purposes of this subsection to have knowledge of events and circumstances which are a matter of common knowledge within the school district and of those events and circumstances which can be discovered upon prudent inquiry or inspection.

(3) The superintendent of public instruction shall make every effort to reduce the amount of paperwork required in administration of this chapter;

to simplify the application, monitoring and evaluation processes used; to eliminate all duplicative requests for information from local school districts; and to make every effort to integrate and standardize information requests for other state education acts and federal aid to education acts administered by the superintendent of public instruction so as to reduce paperwork requirements and duplicative information requests.

Passed the Senate April 24, 1981.

Passed the House April 15, 1981.

Approved by the Governor May 18, 1981.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 1981.

CHAPTER 286

[Senate Bill No. 3109] UNIFORM TRADE SECRETS ACT

AN ACT Relating to trade secrets; adding a new chapter to Title 19 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION</u>. Section 1. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions set forth in this section apply throughout this chapter.

- (1) "Improper means" includes theft, bribery, misrepresentation, breach or inducement of a breach of a duty to maintain secrecy, or espionage through electronic or other means;
 - (2) "Misappropriation" means:
- (a) Acquisition of a trade secret of another by a person who knows or has reason to know that the trade secret was acquired by improper means; or
- (b) Disclosure or use of a trade secret of another without express or implied consent by a person who:
 - (i) Used improper means to acquire knowledge of the trade secret; or
- (ii) At the time of disclosure or use, knew or had reason to know that his or her knowledge of the trade secret was (A) derived from or through a person who had utilized improper means to acquire it, (B) acquired under circumstances giving rise to a duty to maintain its secrecy or limit its use, or (C) derived from or through a person who owed a duty to the person seeking relief to maintain its secrecy or limit its use; or
- (iii) Before a material change of his or her position, knew or had reason to know that it was a trade secret and that knowledge of it had been acquired by accident or mistake.
- (3) "Person" means a natural person, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, association, joint venture, government, governmental subdivision or agency, or any other legal or commercial entity.